

Environmental Management System – Policy & Principles

Environmental Policy	Maintain OneFortyOne New Zealand Ltd (OFO) environmental stewardship and performance by demonstrating the promotion and care of a healthy functioning environment ¹ .
Environmental Principle	To identify, evaluate and manage the significant environmental effects ² of plantation forestry on the environment.
Compliance Principle	To manage and control activities to comply with environmental legislation and regulations, and the following voluntary codes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • National Environmental Standards for Plantation Forestry • Resource Management Plans from the Nelson, Marlborough and Tasman Councils • NZ Forest Accord • Principles for Commercial Plantation Forestry Management in NZ • NZS 8409:2004 Management of Agrichemicals • NZFOA Environmental Code of Practice for Plantation Forestry • NZ Climate Change Accord • Forest Stewardship Council® (FSC-C074692) Standard for Forest Management • NZ Wilding conifer Management Strategy
Environmental Management Principle	To train and empower employees to manage operations to ensure that desirable environmental outcomes are planned and achieved, and that environmental effects are accepted and sustainable.
Cautionary Principle	To take a cautious approach in operations where the adverse effects of the operation cannot be confidently predicted.
Continuous Improvement Principle	To continuously improve environmental management through regular audits and reviews of the EMS, through environmental research and monitoring of operations.
Future Well-being Principle	To work towards the sustainable management of the natural and physical resources we own or manage, to provide for the well-being of future generations.
Community Principle	To provide for managed recreational & community activities within and adjacent to our forests. To consult with affected persons and demonstrate openness in questions concerning all significant environmental aspects of our activities.
Tangata and Mana Whenua Principle	To develop a relationship with tangata and mana whenua that is equitable and has clarity and transparency in all processes.



Brent Guild
Executive General Manager Forests
 OneFortyOne New Zealand Limited

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¹ **Environment** includes the atmosphere, waterways, soil, landscape, ecosystems, people and communities

² **Significant (environmental) effect** includes adverse or beneficial effects. It can be temporary or permanent, past, present or future & any cumulative effects that arise over time or in conjunction with other effects that have been evaluated as having the potential to cause a significant impact on the environment. The main environmental effects relate to: Changes to soil structure and fertility, soil erosion, water quality & yield, air quality, landscape, neighbour relations, biological diversity, pollution of land or water from fuel/chemicals/pesticides/contaminants, carbon sequestration, & cultural values/recreation/aesthetics.